## **HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH**

350 Fifth Avenue, 34<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10118-3299 Tel: 212-290-4700 Fax: 212-736-1300

Fax: 917-591-3452

Kenneth Roth. Executive Director

Michele Alexander, Deputy Executive Director, Development and Global initiatives

Carroll Bogert, Deputy Executive Director, External Relations

Jan Egeland, Deputy Executive Director, Europe lain Levine, Deputy Executive Director, Program Chuck Lustig, Deputy Executive Director, Operations

Walid Ayoub, Information Technology Director
Emma Daly, Communications Director
Barbara Guglielmo, Finance and Administration Director
Peggy Hicks, Global Advocacy Director
Babatunde Olugboji, Deputy Program Director
Dinah PoKempner, General Counsel
Tom Porteous, Deputy Program Director
James Ross, Legal and Policy Director
Joe Saunders, Deputy Program Director
Frances Sinha, Human Resources Director

## PROGRAM DIRECTORS

Brad Adams, Asia
Joseph Amon, Health and Human Rights
Daniel Bekele, Africa
John Biaggi, International Film Festival
Peter Bouckaert, Emergencies
Richard Dicker, International Justice
Bill Frelick, Refugee Policy
Arvind Ganesan, Business and Human Rights
Liesl Gerntholtz, Women's Rights
Steve Goose, Arms
Alison Parker, United States
Graeme Reid, Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Rights
José Miguel Vivanco, Americas
Lois Whitman, Children's Rights
Sarah Leah Whitson, Middle East and North Africa

Hugh Williamson, Europe and Central Asia

## ADVOCACY DIRECTORS

Philippe Bolopion, United Nations Kanae Doi, Japan Jean-Marie Fardeau, France Meenakshi Ganguly, South Asia Lotte Leicht, European Union Tom Malinowski, Washington DC David Mepham, United Kingdom Wenzel Michalski, Germany Juliette de Rivero, Geneva

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

James F. Hoge, Jr., Chair Susan Manilow, Vice-Chair Joel Motley, Vice-Chair Sid Sheinberg, Vice-Chair John J. Studzinski, Vice-Chair Bruce Rabb, Secretary Karen Ackman Jorge Castañeda Tony Elliott Michael G. Fisch Michael E. Gellert Hina Jilani Betsy Karel Wendy Keys Robert Kissane Oki Matsumoto Barry Meyer Pat Mitchell Aoife O'Brien Ioan R. Platt Amy Rao Neil Rimer

Victoria Riskin Amy L. Robbins

Shelley Rubin Kevin P. Ryan

Siri Stolt-Nielsen Darian W. Swig

John R. Taylor Marie Warburg Catherine Zennström

Jean-Louis Servan-Schreiber Javier Solana

Robert L. Bernstein, Founding Chair, (1979-1997) Jonathan F. Fanton, Chair (1998-2003) March 13, 2012

Representative Chris Smith 2373 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515 WATCH

HUMAN

RIGHTS

www.hrw.org

Dear Representative Smith,

We write in strong support of H.R. 3605, the Global Online Freedom Act of 2011. This bill is an important tool in preventing repressive governments from enlisting U.S. companies in their effort to transform the Internet into a tool of surveillance and repression.

The Internet is an incredible tool for communication, but as some governments have discovered, it is also an effective tool for censorship and oppression. Many repressive countries, including China and Iran, among others, are transforming the Internet into a powerful and effective tool to silence political and religious speech and to track down those who are fighting for freedom. Even more worrying, is that these methods of repression are spreading. Countries like Vietnam and Thailand are increasing their efforts to censor content or identify internet users exercising their rights to free expression or assembly.

We have witnessed an increase in the arrests and detentions of bloggers, the blocking of websites, online intimidation and surveillance of peaceful political activists, and aggressive denial of service attacks against websites that promote the free flow of legitimate political and religious speech. As witnessed during the Arab Spring, the internet has the ability to allow billions of people to exercise their rights of speech, assembly, and association. But an open internet is not guaranteed. Governments, companies, and civil society must be vigilant to ensure that the internet is a platform that people can use to express their legitimate aspirations and to hold their governments accountable. People in every country deserve to be able to take part in building a more peaceful, prosperous, and democratic society, and H.R. 3605 will help promote a more open and free Internet.

The Global Online Freedom Act would require companies to demonstrate that they have put policies and procedures in place to protect human rights online and to safeguard their users. Such mechanisms are particularly pertinent given the role of the U.S. Internet firm Yahoo in turning over to the Chinese government user information which led to the arrest, conviction and 10-year prison term of the journalist Shi Tao in 2005 on a charge of "divulging state secrets abroad." It would strengthen

efforts by the US government to protect internet freedom by giving the government new resources to keep the internet open and give it new authority to ensure that certain technologies do not fall into the hands of repressive governments.

Finally, it would level the playing field for responsible businesses by ensuring that US trade negotiations protect freedom of expression and thereby allowing innovative companies to fairly compete, especially in countries where governments try to censor their products or services. These are modest, but critical steps needed to help keep the internet open.

By moving quickly to pass the Global Online Freedom Act, the U.S. Congress can send a powerful message to dictators around the globe that we will not idly stand by while fundamental freedoms are eroded online. Thank you for introducing this important legislation and we look forward to supporting its passage.

Sincerely,

Arvind Ganesan

Director, Business and Human Rights Division

**Human Rights Watch**